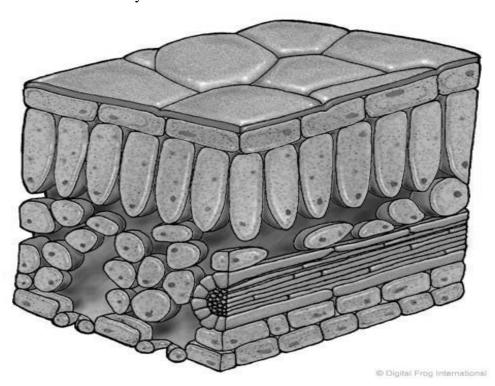
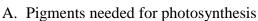
## **Plant Processes**

- I. Gas Exchange for photosynthesis and respiration
  - A. Takes place in roots stems and leaves
    - 1. Leaves  $-CO_2$  gets in through the stoma and  $O_2$  exits through the stoma
    - 2. Water vapor escapes through the stoma (transpiration)
- II. Photosynthesis





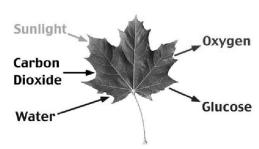
- 1. Chlorophyll
- 2. caratenoids give leaves their fall colors
- B. Photosynthesis is a food making process

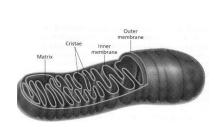
1. 
$$6 \text{ CO}_2 + 6\text{H}_2\text{O} + \text{sunlight \& chlorophyll} \rightarrow \text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6 + 6\text{O}_2$$

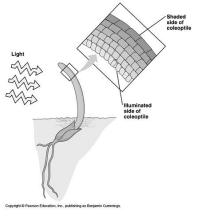
- C. Photosynthesis is the process that makes food for almost all living things
- III. Respiration –food using process
  - A. Occurs in mitochondria of Eukaryotes

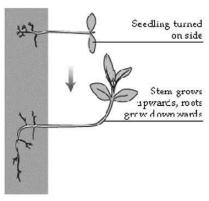
1. 
$$C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2 \rightarrow 6 CO_2 + 6H_2O + \text{energy for the organism}$$

B. Occurs in all cell of all organisms (even plants)









## IV. Plant Responses

- A. Tropism a plant response to a stimulus (A growth process)
  - 1. Thigmatropism Sensitive to the touch (causes growth movement)
  - 2. Phototropism Sensitive to light (light causes growth movement)
  - 3. Gravitropism (geotropism)— Sensitive to gravity (gravity causes growth movement)
    - a. Positive grows toward
    - b. Negative grows away from
- B. Plant Hormones what causes plant responses
  - 1. Auxins cause positive phototropism
  - 2. Ethylene gas C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub> causes fruit to ripen
- C. Photoperiods plant response to the changes to the amount of light
  - 1. Short day plants
  - 2. Long day plants
  - 3. Day neutral plants
- V. Transgenic Crops A plant that has been genetically altered